Numb. 9158.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday April 14, to Saturday April 18, 1752.

WHITEHALL.

The following being the laſt Act of Parliament relating to the horrid Crime of Murder, is here inſerted for the Information of the Publick.

An Act for better preventing the horrid Crime of MURDER.

WHEREAS the horrid Crime of Murder has of late been more frequently perpetrated than formerly, and particularly in and near the Metropolis of this Kingdom, contrary to the known Humanity and natural Genius of the Britiſh Nation: And whereas it is thereby become neceſſary, that ſome further Terror and peculiar Mark of Infamy be added to the Puniſhment of Death, now by Law inflicted on ſuch as ſhall be guilty of the ſaid heinous Offence; May it pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the Firſt Day of Eaſter Term, in the Year of our Lord One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty two, all Perſons who ſhall be found guilty of wilful Murder, be executed according to Law, on the Day next but one after Sentence paſſed, unleſs the ſame ſhall happen to be the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, and in that Caſe on the Monday following.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Body of ſuch Murderer ſo convicted, ſhall, if ſuch Conviction and Execution ſhall be in the County of Middleſex, or within the City of London, or the Liberties thereof, be immediately conveyed by the Sheriff or Sheriffs, his or their Deputy or Deputies, and his or their Officers, to the Hall of the Surgeons Company, or ſuch other Place as the ſaid Company ſhall appoint for this Purpoſe, and be delivered to ſuch Perſon as the ſaid Company ſhall depute or appoint, who ſhall give to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, his or their Deputy or Deputies, a Receipt for the ſame; and the Body ſo delivered to the ſaid Company of Surgeons, ſhall be diſſected and anatomized by the ſaid Surgeons, or ſuch Perſon as they ſhall appoint for that Purpoſe: And in caſe ſuch Conviction and Execution ſhall happen to be in any other County, or other Place in Great Britain, then the Judge or Juſtice of Aſſize, or other proper Judge, ſhall award the Sentence to be put in Execution the next Day but one after ſuch Conviction (except as is before excepted) and the Body of ſuch Murderer ſhall in like Manner be delivered by the Sheriff, or his Deputy, and his Officers, to ſuch Surgeon as ſuch Judge or Juſtice ſhall direct for the Purpoſe aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That Sentence ſhall be pronounced in open Court immediately after the Conviction of ſuch Murderer, and before the Court ſhall proceed to any other Buſineſs, unleſs the Court ſhall ſee reaſonable Cauſe for poſtponing the ſame; in which Sentence ſhall be expreſſed not only the uſual Judgment of Death, but alſo the Time appointed hereby for the Execution thereof, and the Marks of Infamy hereby directed for ſuch Offenders, in order to impreſs a juſt Horror in the Mind of the Offender, and on the Minds of ſuch as ſhall be preſent, of the heinous Crime of Murder.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That after ſuch Sentence pronounced as aforeſaid, in caſe there ſhall appear reaſonable Cauſe, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for ſuch Judge or Juſtice, before whom ſuch Criminal ſhall have been ſo tried, to ſtay the Execution of the Sentence, at the Diſcretion of ſuch Judge or Juſtice, Regard being always had to the true Intent and Purpoſe of this Act.

Provided alſo, That it ſhall be in the Power of any ſuch Judge or Juſtice to appoint the Body of any ſuch Criminal to be hung in Chains: But that in no Caſe whatſoever the Body of any Murderer ſhall be ſuffered to be buried; unleſs after ſuch Body ſhall have been diſſected and anatomized as aforeſaid; and every ſuch Judge or Juſtice ſhall, and is hereby required to direct the ſame either to be diſpoſed of as aforeſaid, to be anatomized, or to be hung in Chains, in the ſame Manner as is now practiſed for the moſt atrocious Offences.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after ſuch Conviction, and Judgment given thereupon, the Goaler or Keeper, to whom ſuch Criminal ſhall be delivered for ſafe Cuſtody, ſhall confine ſuch Priſoner to ſome Cell, or other proper and ſafe Place within the Priſon, ſeparate and apart from the other Priſoners; and that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, except the Goaler or Keeper, or his Servants, ſhall have Acceſs to any ſuch Priſoner, without Licence being firſt obtained for that Purpoſe, under the Hand of ſuch Judge or Juſtice, before whom ſuch Offender ſhall have been tried, or under the Hand of the Sheriff, his Deputy, or Under Sheriff.

Provided always, That in caſe any ſuch Judge or Juſtice ſhall ſee Cauſe to reſpite the Execution of ſuch Offender, ſo condemned as aforeſaid, ſuch Judge or Juſtice may relax or releaſe any or all of the Reſtraints or Regulations herein before or herein after directed to be obſerved by the Goaler or Keeper of the Priſon, where ſuch Priſoner ſhall be confined, by any Licence in Writing, ſigned by ſuch Judge or Juſtice for that Purpoſe, for and during the Time of ſuch Stay of Execution; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof notwithſtanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after Sentence paſſed as aforeſaid, and until the Execution thereof, ſuch Offender ſhall be fed with Bread and Water only, and with no other Food or Liquor whatſoever (except in caſe of receiving the Sacrament of the Lord's

[Price Two-Pence.]

Lord's Supper, and except in caſe of any violent Sickneſs or Wound, in which Caſe ſome known Phyſician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, may be admitted by the Goaler or Keeper of the ſaid Priſon to adminiſter Neceſſaries; the Chriſtian and Surname of ſuch Phyſician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, and his Place of Abode, being firſt entered in the Books of ſuch Priſon or Goal, there to remain) and in caſe ſuch Goaler or Priſon Keeper ſhall offend againſt, or neglect to put in Execution, any of the Directions or Regulations hereby enacted to be obſerved, ſuch Goaler or Priſon Keeper ſhall, for ſuch Offence, forfeit his Office, and ſhall be fined in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and ſuffer Impriſonment until the ſame be paid.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall by Force ſet at Liberty, or reſcue, or attempt to reſcue or ſet at Liberty, any Perſon out of Priſon, who ſhall be committed for, or found guilty of Murder, or reſcue, or attempt to reſcue, any Perſon convicted of Murder going to Execution, or during Execution, every Perſon ſo offending, ſhall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and ſhall ſuffer Death without Benefit of Clergy.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, after ſuch Execution had, by Force reſcue, or attempt to reſcue, the Body of ſuch Offender out of the Cuſtody of the Sheriff, or his Officers, during the Conveyance of ſuch Body to any of the Places hereby directed, or ſhall, by Force, reſcue, or attempt to reſcue, ſuch Body from the Company of Surgeons, or their Officers or Servants, or from the Houſe of any Surgeon, where the ſame ſhall have been depoſited in purſuance of this Act; every Perſon ſo offending, ſhall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and ſhall be liable to be tranſported to ſome of his Majeſty's Colonies or Plantations in America, for the Term of Seven Years, in like Manner as is directed by the Laws now in Force relating to the Tranſportation of Felons; and ſhall be ſubject to the like Puniſhment, and Methods of Conviction, in caſe of returning into, or being found at large within Great Britain, within the ſaid Term of Seven Years, in all Reſpects, as by Law other Felons are ſubject to, in caſe of unlawfully returning from Tranſportation.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to repeal or alter ſo much of an Act made in the Eleventh Year of his late Majeſty's Reign, (intituled, *An Act for the more effectual diſarming the Highlands in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for the better ſecuring the Peace and Quiet of that Part of the Kingdom, as relates to the Suſpenſion of the Execution of Perſons convicted of capital Offences, within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland*) for the reſpective Times in the ſaid Act mentioned; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Naples, March 28. Their Majeſties came to their Palace in this City from Caſerta on Friday laſt, and propoſe ſtaying here till Eaſter Monday, when they will ſet out for Portici, in order to reſide there till after the Queen's Lying-in, her Majeſty being now in the eighth Month of her Pregnancy. This Morning the St. Charles Man of War, and a Frigat named the Conception, put to Sea on a Cruiſe againſt the Barbary Corſairs, who have lately appeared in great Numbers upon our Coaſts, and greatly interrupted our Commerce.

Genoa, April 4. The late Choice of the Marqueſs Lomellino, to be Doge of this Republick, ſeems entirely agreeable to the People, as he has always appeared to be firmly attached to the true Intereſts of this Country. The Government has put an End to all the Tumults lately raiſed at Biſagno, and ſome other neighbouring Places, by making Examples of the principal Promoters of them.

Petersbourg, April 4. The Empreſs's intended Journey to Moſcow ſeems to be quite laid aſide for this Year, all Preparations for it being entirely ſtopped, and no Mention made of it lately at Court. Notwithſtanding no Orders are as yet given for the equipping of the Fleet, yet the Number of Sailors is kept up to 8000 as uſual, and the Officers are not to be abſent without expreſs Leave of the Court.

Stockholm, April 10. The King has cauſed an Edict to be publiſhed, for introducing the Gregorian Calendar into this Kingdom, inſtead of the Julian, which we have hitherto made uſe of. Count Teſſin, Preſident of the Royal Chancery, having at Length obtained Leave to reſign that Employment, the King has conferred the ſame on the Senator Count Hopken, of which Notice has been given in Form to all the Foreign Miniſters.

Vienna, April 13. The Right Honourable the Earl of Hindford was introduced to their Imperial Majeſties on Saturday laſt, and met with a moſt gracious Reception. On Sunday the Count de Hautefort, the French Ambaſſador, made his publick Entry into this City; and the next Day was admitted to his publick Audiences of their Imperial Majeſties, with the ſame Ceremonies as were obſerved ſome Years ago with Regard to the Duke de Richlieu, Ambaſſador from that Crown.

Hambourg, April 14. M. de Marteville, appointed Envoy from the States General to the Court of Sweden, and who has been here ſome Months paſt, ſet out this Morning on his Way to Stockholm.

Berlin, April 18. The five Squadrons of the Regiment of Huſſars of Ziethen, arrived here on Thurſday laſt; they are quartered in the neighbouring Villages, where they are to remain till the general Review. The ſame Day a Magazine of Powder, ſituate a little Diſtance from hence, blew up ſuddenly, by which Accident four Perſons loſt their Lives.

Hague, April 24, *N. S.* We have received an Accouut by an Expreſs from Hanover, that his Britannick Majeſty arrived at that Place in perfect Health, on Friday laſt the 21ſt Inſtant, N. S. at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Hague, April 25. His Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle arrived here on Saturday laſt from Bruſſels, and immediately waited on her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Governante at the Houſe in the Wood, and was moſt graciouſly received. The next Day his Grace dined with ſeveral Lords of the Regency at the Duke of Brunſwick Wolfenbuttel's; and this Morning his Grace ſet out to meet his Dutcheſs at Deventer, from whence they will proceed together for Hanover.

Victualling Office, April 17, 1752.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling His Majeſty's Navy hereby give Notice, That on Friday the 29th of May next, exactly at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as may be willing to contract for the Furniſhing ſuch of His Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels with Proviſions, as may touch at Barbadoes and

and the Leeward Islands, and be in Want thereof. The Conditions of the Contract may be seen at the Secretary's Office at the Victualling-Office, London.

Navy Office, April 2, 1752.

As the passing the Accounts of Sir John Rushout and George Dodington, Esq; late Treasurers of his Majesty's Navy, are carrying on with all the Expedition that may be, it is recommended to such Persons as have had Bills assigned upon them by the Navy Board, and have not receiv'd their Money for the said Bills, forthwith to call for the same; and all Persons who have any Imprests standing out against them, and have not any Bills or Accounts in this Office to clear the said Imprests, are desired forthwith to bring in their Bills or Accounts to discharge them, that so the said Imprests may not be brought to account and return'd into the Exchequer, as otherwise they will be; and such Persons as have passed their Accounts, and have not taken up their Imprests, are required to carry their perfect Bills to the late Treasurers Office, and to take up their Imprests.

Trinity House, Hull, April 13, 1752.

Whereas the Low Light of the Spurn was washed down in December last, and since then has been set up again: And Complaint thereof hath been made to this House by several Ship Masters, That the same is now fixed too nigh the high Light, and not at the same Point of the Compass as before; so that the same Lights differ very much in the Opening and Shutting of them, and in their being in one (or over End) to the great Danger of all Ships upon the Coast, and especially to such as come into, or go out of the Humber, and some have already been deceived thereby: Therefore this House have taken a Survey of the said Lights as they now are, and do hereby give Notice, That the said High and Low Lights are now only about 70 Feet asunder (not more than one Third of the Distance they ought to be and were before) and when over End, bear North North West, half West, and before they can open, either to the Northward or Southward Ships must run over much Ground; on which Account (until the said Low Light is more properly placed for the Safety of Navigation, and Notice thereof given) it is adviseable for all Persons to depend on the High Light only, for directing them to keep clear of the Sands.

By Order of the Worshipful Wardens, Elder Brethren and Assistants,
Mar. Wadman, *Secretary.*

Society of the Free British Fishery.
Mercers Hall, May 16, 1752.

At a General Court held here this Day,
Resolved,
That this General Court be adjourned to this Place till Thursday the 23d Instant, at Eleven in the Forenoon.

By Order of the General Court,
John Lockman, *Secretary.*

A General Meeting of Trustees for Repairing and Amending the Turnpike Roads in the Counties of Surry and Sussex, is appointed to be held at the Fox and Hounds Inn in Croydon, on Saturday the 2d Day of May, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, to chuse Trustees in the Place of such as are dead, removed, or refuse to act; and to appoint Toll Collectors; and for Dispatch of other Business relating to the Trust. S. Gourney, *Clerk.*

Advertisements.

Dr. *ANDERSON*'s, or, The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inglish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epsom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

London, April 17, 1752.

This Day was publish'd, Price 6 d.
(Containing four Sheets and a Copper-Plate)
With his Majesty's Royal Privilege and Licence.
NUMBER II.
OF A
NEW HISTORY
Of the
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Both
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From the
Beginning of the World,
To the
Establishment of Christianity.
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PROPOSALS at large.

April 18, 1752.

This Day is Published,
[*To be continued Weekly,* Price 6 *d.*]
In One Volume in *FOLIO,*
NUMBER LI. of
A New and Universal DICTIONARY of ARTS and SCIENCES: Containing, not only an Explanation of the various Terms made Use of in the several Arts and Sciences; but also, whatever else is requisite to render those Branches of Learning themselves Easy and Familiar to the meanest Capacities. With an Introductory Preface, Tracing the Progress of Literature from the earliest Ages, and enumerating the various Improvements made therein, at different Periods of Time. Extracted from the best Authors, Transactions, Memoirs, &c. in several Languages. And illustrated with a great Number of Copper Plates, all new engraved by the best Hands.

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N. B. A Translation of all the Discoveries and Improvements, contained in the Encyclopédie published at Paris, by M. Diderot, will be inserted in this New Dictionary of Arts and Sciences.

TO be sold, (together or in Parcels) pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Lane, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, The several Estates late of Thomas Copleston, Esq; deceased, (to wit) The Fee Simple and Inheritance of the Barton of Bowden; the Manor of Brixton English, and divers Tenements, Lands and Hereditaments in the Parishes of Yealmpton, Ermington and Brixton in the County of Devon, of the yearly Value of 412 l. 2 s. or thereabouts: Also the Reversion in Fee of divers Tenements, Lands and Hereditaments, after one, two and three Lives, in the Parishes of Yealmpton, Brixton, Newton Ferrers, Ermington, and Withicombe in the said County of Devon, of the yearly Value of 432 l. 16 s. or thereabouts; upon which the Conventionary Rents reserved by the Leases amount to 45 l. 15 s. a Year, besides Herriots. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Office in Carey-street.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree and subsequent Order of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, on Friday the 8th Day of May next, between the Hours of Five and Six in the Afternoon, Several Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments; together with the Timber, Woods and Woodlands thereunto belonging, situate in the several Parishes of Astley, Bedworth, Arley, King's Norton and Chellaston, in the several Counties of Warwick, Worcester, and Derby, of the yearly Value of 307 l. and upwards, late the Estate of Thomas Bayly, Esq; deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, London.

By